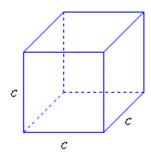
VOLUME V et AIRE Totale A

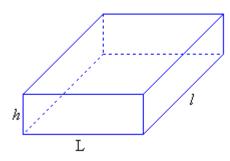
Cube



$$A = 6c^2$$

$$C = c^3$$

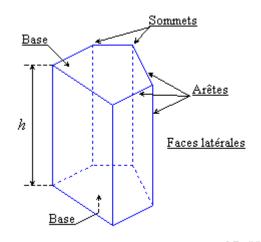
Pavé droit



$$\mathcal{A} = 2 \times (L \times l + L \times h + l \times h)$$

$$\mathcal{V} = L \times l \times h$$

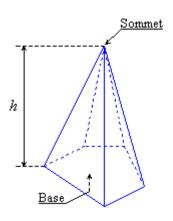
Prisme droit



 $A = p\acute{e}rim\grave{e}tre(base) \times h + 2 \times aire(Base)$

 $\mathfrak{V} = aire(Base) \times h$

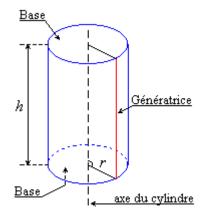
Pyramide



⊗ Euclid¹

$$\mathfrak{V} = \frac{1}{3} \operatorname{aire}(\mathrm{Base}) \times h$$

Cylindre de révolution

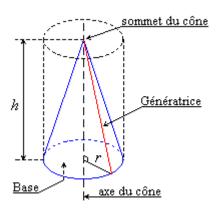


⊗ Euclid¹

$$A = 2\pi r h + 2\pi r^2$$

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

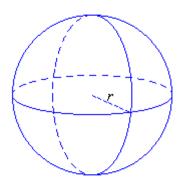
Cône de révolution



⊗ Euclid¹

$$\mathfrak{V} = \frac{1}{3}\pi \, r^2 \, h$$

Sphère - Boule

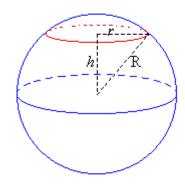


⊗ Euclid¹

$$A = 4 \pi r^2$$

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

Section d'une sphère par un plan



⊗ Euclid¹

$$r=\sqrt{\mathbb{R}^2{-}h^2}$$